

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Order Instituting Rulemaking Regarding Revisions to the California Universal Telephone Service (LifeLine) Program.

Rulemaking 11-03-013

RULING REQUESTING COMMENTS ON AUGUST 6 – 7, 2018 WORKSHOP AND ON POTENTIAL CALIFORNIA LIFELINE PILOT PROGRAMS

Summary

The California LifeLine Program (California LifeLine) hosted a two-day workshop (Workshop) on August 6-7, 2018 in Sacramento, California. This Ruling seeks comment on: 1) additional potential California LifeLine pilot programs and partnerships for the California Public Utilities Commission's consideration; 2) Workshop presentations and proposals; 3) the Workshop Transcript; and 4) two Federal Communications Commission proposals.

1. Background

The California Public Utilities Commission (Commission) designed the California LifeLine Progam (California LifeLine or Program) to ensure that basic telephone service remains affordable for low-income Californians. The federal Lifeline (federal Lifeline or Lifeline) program is moving away from supporting traditional telephone service or voice communications and moving toward supporting only broadband internet access service (broadband service). In light of these federal changes, the Commission seeks input of stakeholders to

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determine what path the California LifeLine Program should take to best meet the communications needs of the low-income households in California.

On December 1, 2017, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) issued Fourth Report and Order, Order on Reconsideration, Memorandum Opinion and Order, Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, and Notice of Inquiry (NPRM/NOI)1. In the NPRM/NOI, the FCC proposes a number of changes to the federal Lifeline program to accomplish two objectives: 1) to curtail waste, fraud, and abuse; and 2) to target low-income areas plagued by the lack of broadband service. The Commission needs to consider the impact the NPRM/NOI may have on California LifeLine and whether changes to California LifeLine are warranted as a result of the proposed changes put forward in the NPRM/NOI. The Commission is concerned with the apparent FCC policy shift from the current range of service providers (facilities-based service providers and resellers) to focusing or limiting the federal Lifeline program to distinct types of service providers, geographic regions (rural versus urban areas), and types of low-income households. In light of the FCC's changing focus, the Commission seeks to thoughtfully determine what the future of the California LifeLine Program should be to effectively serve California LifeLine participants.

California LifeLine hosted a two-day workshop (Workshop) on August 6-7, 2018 in Sacramento, California.² i-Foster, The Greenlining Institute,

¹ See, In the Matter of Lifeline and Link Up Reform and Modernization et al., WC Dkt Nos. 11-42, 09-197, 17-287 Fourth Report and Order, Order on Reconsideration, Memorandum Opinion and Order, Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, and Notice of Inquiry (NPRM/NOI), FCC 17-155 (rel. December 1, 2017).

² See workshop agenda at http://cpuc.ca.gov/uploadedFiles/CPUC_Public_Website/Content/Utilities_and_Industries/Communications_-

San Francisco County Office of Digital Equity, California Labor and Workforce Development Agency, Boost Mobile, and California Emerging Technology Fund made presentations at the Workshop.¹ The Workshop discussed the use of pilot programs as a means to explore potential redesign of California LifeLine. The Workshop also explored establishing partnerships with government (state and

_Telecommunications_and_Broadband/Consumer_Programs/California_LifeLine_Program/Workshop_Agenda_072718.pdf.

¹ See workshop presentations at

http://cpuc.ca.gov/uploadedFiles/CPUC_Public_Website/Content/Utilities_and_Industries/Communications_-

<u>Telecommunications and Broadband/Consumer Programs/California LifeLine Program/C</u> A%20LL%20August%20Workshop%20Presentation%20Day%201.pdf,

http://cpuc.ca.gov/uploadedFiles/CPUC_Public_Website/Content/Utilities_and_Industries/Communications_-

_Telecommunications_and_Broadband/Consumer_Programs/California_LifeLine_Program/C A%20LL%20August%20Workshop%20Presentation%20Day%202.pdf,

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_Telecommunications_and_Broadband/Consumer_Programs/California_LifeLine_Program/L L%20Pilot%20Project%20Greenlining.pdf,

http://cpuc.ca.gov/uploadedFiles/CPUC_Public_Website/Content/Utilities_and_Industries/Communications_-

<u>Telecommunications and Broadband/Consumer Programs/California LifeLine Program/S F%20Office%20of%20Digital%20Equity.pdf,</u>

http://cpuc.ca.gov/uploadedFiles/CPUC_Public_Website/Content/Utilities_and_Industries/Communications_-

<u>Telecommunications and Broadband/Consumer Programs/California LifeLine Program/D</u> igital%20Learning%20and%20Workforce.pdf,

http://cpuc.ca.gov/uploadedFiles/CPUC_Public_Website/Content/Utilities_and_Industries/Communications_-

<u>Telecommunications_and_Broadband/Consumer_Programs/California_LifeLine_Program/Boost%20Mobile.pdf</u>, and

http://cpuc.ca.gov/uploadedFiles/CPUC_Public_Website/Content/Utilities_and_Industries/Communications_-

 $\underline{Telecommunications_and_Broadband/Consumer_Programs/California_LifeLine_Program/C}\\ \underline{ETF.pdf}.$

local) agencies, non-profit organizations (*e.g.*, i-Foster), and facilities-based communications service providers (*e.g.*, Boost Mobile) to create and implement potential pilot programs. Moreover, the Workshop gathered stakeholder input regarding how California LifeLine can continue to meet the minimum communication needs of California's low-income households' despite current and anticipated changes at the federal level.

2. Comments Requested about California LifeLine Pilots and Partnerships

Parties may file comments on any or all of the following:

- 1) Other potential California LifeLine pilot programs and partnerships;
- 2) Workshop presentations;
- 3) Boost Mobile and i-Foster proposals;
- 4) Comments memorialized in the Workshop Transcript (Attachment A); and
- 5) Two specific FCC proposals/suggestions:
 - Requiring proof of eligibility during the renewal process; and
 - Requiring consumers living in multi-unit housing to provide proof of residence in this type of housing.

Parties seeking to provide comments in response to this ruling must do so by September 10, 2018. Stakeholders who participated in the Workshop and are not yet parties to this proceeding shall move for party status. The Commission intends to issue a proposed decision addressing pilots and partnerships between September and October 2018.

3. Schedule of Events

This Ruling also provides the schedule for upcoming public meetings s, the deadline for comments, and additional activities.

EVENT	DATE
Deadline for Comments for this Ruling	September 10, 2018
Workshop (Pilots and Partnerships) California Energy Commission, Imbrecht Hearing Room 1516 9th Street Sacramento, CA 95814	September 14, 2018 10:00 a.m4:00 p.m.
Workshop (Pilots and Partnerships) Juniper Serra State Building, Carmel Conference Room, 1st Floor 320 West 4th Street, Los Angeles, CA 90013	October 19, 2018
Workshop (Renewals) California Public Utilities Commission Golden Gate Room 505 Van Ness Avenue San Francisco, CA 94102	November 6, 2018 10:00 a.m4:00 p.m.
Launch Approved Pilots and Partnerships	4 th Quarter 2018

We will host additional public meetings/workshops at a later time. Details about public meetings will be available at http://cpuc.ca.gov/General.aspx?id=3045

IT IS RULED that comments to this Ruling shall be filed by September 10, 2018.

Dated August 31, 2018 at San Francisco, California.

/s/ KATHERINE KWAN

MACDONALD

Katherine Kwan MacDonald

Administrative Law Judge

Attachment A

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF

THE

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FACILITATOR: COMMUNICATIONS DIVISION - CALIFORNIA LIFELINE TEAM

Order Instituting Rulemaking
Regarding Revisions to the
California Universal Telephone
Service (LifeLine) Program.

) WORKSHOP
)
Rulemaking
) 11-03-013

REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT Sacramento, California August 7, 2018 Pages 75 - 105 WS - 3

Reported by: Shannon Ross, CSR No. 8916

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SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 1 AUGUST 7, 2018 2 3 (The following transcribed 4 5 from digital audio file.) ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE MacDONALD: 6 7 Will be included in the ruling, so they will be attached to the ruling. 9 those entities do not need to make extensive comments trying to put all of that 10 11 information into an oral statement. 12 I think, actually, the presentations 13 will be a more effective tool for people to comment on; so I wanted to make sure that was 14 clear, and then CD staff will organize and 15 16 call you up to do the comments. 17 Because these comments are going to 18 be transcribed by a court reporter who does 19 not have the benefit of being here, there are 20 a couple of requests: One, state your name; please spell it. State the entity that you 21 22 are representing. If there's any question 23 about the spelling, spell that as well. 24 would be great if you could speak slowly 25 clearly and mindfully that someone is going 26 to record these. They are very skilled, but 27 some people talk extremely quickly. So those 28 are the only requests with the transcript.

The transcript will be attached to the ruling. If it is not accurate, you'll be able to comment on that. If there are things that you didn't get to say, you'll also be able to add that in your comments.

STATEMENT OF MS. HERNANDEZ

MS. HERNANDEZ: Good afternoon.

Jennifer Hernandez, J-e-n-n-i-f-e-r,

H-e-r-n-a-n-d-e-z, with the Labor and Work

Force Development Agency. Sorry I wasn't

able to join you today.

I just wanted to come back and share a few highlights of what we think is a good opportunity to work with you all as you're deliberating on these issues.

So I just wanted to reemphasize, more importantly, that we see a lot of opportunity to work with you on some specific target populations that we're already working with in the Work Force programs; right.

So yesterday I discussed working around the immigrant population, English language learners. We've invested quite a bit to really rethink how we deliver services to this population. It requires a lot of innovation in changing the existing paradigm,

and I think that using digital technology is one way we can start to begin to really serve that population. So that would be first.

Even within that, within the English learner community, I think farm workers in rural communities are another huge opportunity. The programs that we've seen implemented have been very successful at targeting this population, and I think that given the geographical challenges that we're seeing, it becomes even more important to leverage this digital technology.

Believe it or not, there are still counties within California that don't have Adult Education programs and folks have to travel; right? So that's problematic.

The other -- I would point out the other two are the returning-citizen population. This administration has definitely prioritized really rethinking how we deliver services to create more opportunities for returning citizens.

And we're in the process of launching a new initiative, the Prison to Employment Pipeline that really is trying to fill the gaps to be able to provide training and education opportunities to returning citizens.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: (Inaudible.)

MS. HERNANDEZ: Yes. The reentry.

Sorry. There's a lot of jargon there.

And then the last is partnering with our programs in Social Services. So whether it's Cal Fresh, CalWorks or many programs - they are low income communities - they are already being served within the Work Force system, and I think there's some creative opportunities to be able to leverage some additional funding to really create a good opportunity.

I think the one area that I would like to explore, continuing to work with you all, is how we leverage each others' resources; how we can collaborate and share information out to the folks that you're already serving on our programs and vice versa so that we can enhance that partnership and create -- bring in more people into the Work Force programs and into your programs; right.

So that's low hanging fruit, but the other is that for many of our programs, there are certain income requirements; right. So perhaps we could explore across these different programs how we could verify eligibility. I think that we're having

1 larger conversations around that in Work 2 Force, and I think there's an opportunity to 3 really chime in given that conversation that's happening. 4 5 So I look forward to any other support we can provide and ideas and any 6 7 follow-up questions as you move forward in deliberating. 9 Thank you. 10 ALJ MacDONALD: Thank you. 11 12 STATEMENT OF MRS. YOUNG 13 MRS. YOUNG: Mrs. Vanessa Young, 14 representing the Office of Ratepayer 15 Advocates. Name is Vanessa, V-a-n-e-s-s-a, 16 last name, Young, Y-o-u-n-g. 17 And ORA just has a few points that 18 we wanted to make. The first is, we'd like 19 to encourage access to retail service plans 20 for Lifeline eligible customers. The second is the more retail 21 service providers are brought to the pilot 22 23 programs the better. 24 Third, the more Social Service 25 providers are brought to the pilot program, 26 also the better. 27 The fourth is, the service offered 28 in the Communications market is way ahead of

what is currently defined as a basic service 1 2 of Lifeline. And so providing meaningful 3 essential service has more data and higher speed than currently what is offered by 4 5 Lifeline. Number five, the Collective 6 Surcharge Fund should be used and future 7 surcharges should be judiciously computed. 9 Number six, voice is an essential 10 service and Lifeline should continue to 11 support it. 12 Number seven, recognize that 13 broadband should be a basic service, but 14 taking into consideration budget and funding 15 constraints. 16 And our last comment, for right now, 17 is that we do seek transparency in the costs incurred related to Lifeline. 18 19 ALJ MacDONALD: We can be off the 20 record at this point. 21 (Off the record.) 22 STATEMENT OF MS. MAILLOUX 23 MS. MAILLOUX: A couple of things that 24 I want to point out. 25 First of all, I will skip the 26 platitudes except to say -- I even have 27 "name" right here. That's Christine 28 Mailloux, M-a-i-l-l-o-u-x. And I am with

TURN, The Utility Reform Network. So I do appreciate this process and look forward, as I understand it, to participating in future processes. I think there is no substitute to sitting around a table and sharing stories and talking about issues face-to-face. So thank you for that.

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I also want to say that for the bigger picture of what's next in this proceeding, I think TURN does share the common goals of what a lot of people have talked about today, including the Commissioner, which is to increase participation and, just as importantly, increase the customer experience with the program -- which does also include encouraging carriers to continue to participate in the program. We see that as integral parts to it, but yet there's no point in increasing -- encouraging carriers to participate without resulting in increased customer experience. So that's our main goal at TURN.

I also want to reiterate TURN's role in this proceeding. I believe it's to balance the interests in having a robust, independent, very functional, and meaningful program while, at the same time, being

mindful of ratepayer interests and paying the surcharges that go to subsidies that support this program. And I will continue to do my best to balance that piece of the discussion.

On the pilot programs, particularly, I think that it's a great idea to do pilot programs. And, again, appreciate the opportunity to do some blue-sky thinking about these pilot programs. I think my principle with my these pilot programs -- there are a couple principles I have with these pilot programs: I want to make sure that they are value-add to the program.

I said this yesterday, I think it's true, I want to see an increase in benefits, an increase in customer experience. I hope not to see less benefits for more money. And I'm going to be kind of bird-dogging that for the long-term depending on how the pilot is structured.

I also want to make sure that these pilots are treated as pilots. And we talked about, for the one that was floated, 18 to 24 months. That might be a good time frame. I think there are pilots that could go on too long, and then there are pilots that -- but we do need to make sure that the pilots go on long enough to gather sufficient data and

make sure that customers have a real experience with the pilot.

This Commission needs to follow through though. We've raised pilots before that kind of went nowhere, or that then sat and became the norm. And so for a pilot, if we're uncomfortable with some of the terms of the pilot, I want to make sure that that pilot doesn't become the norm and become expected going forward. So that is something I will guard against.

I definitely want to encourage opportunities for stakeholders to comment on the pilots before they are too far down the road, and to be given sufficient input and data and information about a potential pilot so we can meaningfully comment on that pilot.

I will reserve my comments, specifically the iFoster Boost Pilot, for what I hope will be a little bit more information and fleshing out of that pilot so we can present comments or, at a minimum, I can put my comments for what I know right now in writing.

Now, moving on away from pilots, I think this program is extremely important. I really want to encourage this program to continue to be an independent program, a

strong and robust independent program. And I will resist calls just to mirror what the FCC is doing. And I think our discussion this afternoon demonstrated, we don't want to mirror what the FCC is doing. We want to maintain and continue to be a strong and independent program.

I want to urge continued funding for voice here. If we have to do it at state-only level, then we shall. We should be doing that. I also want to encourage and echo ORA's comments about the possibility of including broadband in this program, but that will take a little bit more discussion about how to do that.

I want the Commission to consider the ability for two discounts: Maybe one at federal, one at state, but allowing a customer to be able to have discounted service for both broadband and voice in some combination. I think that will be important for TURN. Minimum service standards will also be very important for TURN on both state and broad -- on both voice and broadband services. And that goes to getting appropriate value for the subsidy money that we would be giving to these carriers, and the only way to do that is through minimum

service standards.

And, finally, I guess to have that conversation about what the future looks like and how to coordinate what the FCC is doing while maintaining an independent program will require some cost data. I will be happy to provide additional thoughts on that. I think there's a balance between understanding what we feel like we need to move forward without getting too bogged down in what could be a very detailed and difficult process. But we will continue, as we have in the past, by requesting cost data to justify the paying of subsidy and ratepayer-funded subsidy money.

Thank you very much.

STATEMENT OF MR. HUANG

MR. HUANG: Good afternoon, everyone. David Huang on behalf of small LEC's. That's D-a-v-i-d, H-u-a-n-g.

So I'll keep it short here. Small LEC's would like to reserve our substantive comments for the written section. But, just on a very high level, I'm fairly new to this proceeding and I really do appreciate the Commission for putting together this two-day workshop. It was very informative.

And, just at a very high level, I'll say when considering how the state will respond to possible changes at the federal level, we would like the Commission to take into consideration that the small LEC's space, the constraints of tariffed carriers, percentage-wise, it would be crushing to not be able to sufficiently recover the costs related to Lifeline. Because unlike URF carriers, the small LEC's cannot make up the cost in other parts of our business.

Thank you.

STATEMENT OF MR. VANARSDALL

MR. VANARSDALL: Jason Vanarsdall, with StandUp Wireless. J-a-s-o-n,
V-a-n-a-r-s-d-a-l-l. I would like to state,
for the record, Maheen Cook from the National Lifeline Association has a few things to say that we support. But as individually TC, our ability to comment at this time is limited.
We plan to go into more detail in our written comments, but I will say the pilot program in general is an exciting idea.

I hope the Commission will let us know what their definition of success looks like and provide us with guidelines and

answer the following five questions: 1 One, specifically, what metrics will 2 3 you use to determine success? In order to prevent you from dealing 4 5 with off-the-wall ideas, general cost guidelines will be extremely helpful in our 6 brainstorming session. 7 Two, what community-based 9 organization, or CBOs, can we work with? 10 what requirements do you have of a CBO that 11 we can use to determine if a CBO's 12 eligibility determination will be acceptable 13 or not? 14 Three, are you okay with a sliding reimbursement mechanism that adjusts 15 16 depending on the service plan offered? 17 Four, is there an appetite to move 18 the nonrecurring fee to allow us to provide 19 for a higher quality device? 20 Five, what information are you 21 looking at that is preventing you from moving forward with online enrollment? 22 23 I genuinely look forward to speaking 24 with Commissioner and staff regarding some 25 ideas to launch these programs. 26 Thank you. 27 STATEMENT OF MS. COOK 28 MS. COOK: My name is Maheen Cook,

and I am the General Counsel of the National
Lifeline Association or NLA. My name is
spelled M-a-h-e-e-n, C-o-o-k.

NLA's ETC membership serves 65
percent of the California Lifeline wireless
subscriber base. We are invested in the
communities we serve and openly encourage
innovation in the California Lifeline
Program. We want to be part of the process
in designing a pilot and will present a
thorough proposal on the record.

We share the CPUC's goals of reaching into unserved and underserved markets. Our members have been seeking to accomplish the same goal as well within the framework of GO-153 and the rules of the Federal Lifeline Program.

NLA members are committed to the California Lifeline Program and have participated for many years. We understand that you're looking at unique ways to target a different segment of eligible Lifeline consumers, particularly through pilot programs. We want to work with you to redesign the California Lifeline program, and some concerns and options include the following:

First, it will be imperative to

define the objectives and success and how to define success, defining data and metrics for analysis, defining timing, budget, and the approval process for a pilot program should all be in place prior to implementation.

The budgetary impacts of a pilot should be openly evaluated and reviewed. The CPUC may also want to explore the option of having an economist study the effects of the pilot. The pilot should also be carrier neutral to maximize participation.

enrollments for Lifeline applicants. The CPUC should establish guidelines around qualifying such CBOs. And to follow up on that, CBOs that may take on the responsibility of enrolling their eligible constitutes, the CPUC should look at requiring training and may want to consider NLA's Agent Certification Program as a parting point.

Along those lines, we can provide a more thorough demonstration and explanation of the NLA Certification Program and how that may be used to encourage and facilitate training and certification of CBOs.

Finally, in redesigning the program and broadening its reach, we cannot forget

the subscribers currently receiving service
under the program. They will be well-served
by the following revisions to the program:
First, that includes full online
enrollment, including near or real-time

enrollment, including near or real-time enrollment. We've had this discussion a little bit throughout the workshop. And I will follow up in more detail in the written comments' section.

Second, revisions to the annual renewal process. We didn't get to that issue during this workshop, though it was on the agenda. And, again, we'll provide more thorough comments in the written portion on the record.

Third -- and I understand that there is a separate proceeding on this -- but reinstatement of the 60-day port freeze. It is important to have that incorporated into the California Lifeline Program. And we will lay out that in our written comments.

And, finally, the continuity and consistent logic related to the payment of a nonrecurring reimbursement charge. We will further flesh out the importance of these priorities in our written comments.

Thank you for this opportunity. And we look forward to working with you to

increase participation in the Lifeline program.

STATEMENT OF MS. KASNITZ

MS. KASNITZ: Melissa Kasnitz,

K-a-s-n-i-t-z, with the Center for Accessible

Technology. C for AT represents the

interests of disabled customers and other

vulnerable customers who both tend to be

lower income and hard to reach. So they are

people who are very dependent on the Lifeline

program.

I expect to submit written comments, but, for now, to touch on several points:

With regard to pilots, I support the goal of the Commission on seeking ways to target populations that have not been adequately served with the current program in terms of being aware of it and being capable of enrolling.

I also support efforts to stabilize the participation of populations that are on again and off again for the program, and it would be very interesting to see if it's possible to calculate how many people fall into that group, people who clearly are aware of the program and make use of it, at least part of the time, but, perhaps, don't

successfully reenroll or recertify.

C for AT does have concerns about potential pilot programs that might not include minimum standards for service or adequate customer protections. So we would be very interested in seeing proposals and having input to make sure that those concerns are addressed.

We also have concerns about programs that effectively constitute a voucher program that may not clearly consider whether service with a discount is affordable for customers that need assistance from the Lifeline program.

Finally, with regard to pilots, I agree with some other commenters who have noted that the premise of a pilot is that you have a hypothesis that something might improve a program or provide service to a currently underserved community. The pilot should be testing that hypothesis, collecting data to see whether that hypothesis is proven and conducting analysis after the fact. Any proposal that doesn't include those elements isn't really a pilot program and shouldn't be considered as such.

Moving to the issue of harmonizing the state program or integrating the state

program with the federal program, I stated earlier that the intentions of changes to the federal program are not ones that California should emulate. So, certainly, the state needs to consider activity that's happening on the federal level, but we should not be taking it as a road map to follow. Rather, we should be looking at it as a backdrop against which we need to consider how to effectively serve our California population in need.

C for AT supports ongoing support of voice service. We recognize the importance of broadband service, which is of great value to the constituency that we represent, but we also recognize that there are conflicts in how to support expanded broadband access without creating an overly burdensome set of expectations on existing voice customers. And I look forward to figuring out how to best address that concern.

And, finally, on issue of costs, I brought that up repeatedly, so I guess I have to address it. It's very important, I think, that we get greater insight than currently exists on carrier costs. At the same time, it's important that we don't get so sidetracked on that issue that the question

of what to do with the program gets delayed. 1 I should say, for myself, as a small 2 intervenor, I don't have a lot of resources 3 to conduct detailed analysis of costs. I, 4 5 hopefully, will be able to look to others to do that, but I do have concerns every time 6 7 carriers say that one penny less of subsidy will automatically necessitate reduced levels 9 of service. And I think that every time 10 concessions are put on the table, we need to 11 remember that the carriers are a party that 12 might consider concessions as well. So how to balance that portion of the equation needs 13

I'll leave it at that, and look forward to submitting written comments with greater detail.

Thank you.

to be on the table.

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STATEMENT OF MR. AVILA

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MR. AVILA: Good afternoon. This is David, D-a-v-i-d, Avila, A-v-i-l-a, representing Tracfone Wireless, leading the SafeLink Wireless brand.

We appreciate the opportunity to come together and explore ideas presented to those involved in the industry to expand and

create contingency plans to help evolve the California Lifeline plan into the future.

I see the rollout of this in two categories: One is -- and we spent time discussing this in the redesign of the California Lifeline program, and the use of pilot programs to test new technologies' functionality is certainly the way to go.

In order to create success, we need to define exactly what are the metrics that we're going measure post the pilot, and we need to make sure that we're working towards that.

Prior to submitting pilot programs, there should be a quick process to determine the viability of what program, whether there is interest in pursuing it so interested parties don't waste their time in creating a concept that may not be able to be developed.

So being able to quickly decide that, yes, this is something that should move forward will give the business owner the opportunity to socialize it with the other cross-functional members of the Lifeline industry.

It's important that when selecting, and the Communication Division should be very clear whether these pilot programs should be

leveraging the use of databases. That is currently one of the gaps that exist today in California. The eligibility determination -- or better said, the eligibility confirmation of an individual and doing it in a systematic method. So pilot programs should be leveraging these database to help improve the enrollment process.

As a general note, it should be important to the Communications Division to work with providers such as Medi-Cal and SNAP to help streamline the enrollment process.

This is very similar to what is being proposed with the national verifier; however, it's important to have the interfaces to work together between the providers and the entity that is establishing eligibility.

There was discussions about how to evolve the program into including data. One idea on the table for consideration is the units proposal, which enables the consumer to make the decision how to use their Lifeline subsidy. The units proposal would give a participant of the program a number of units that they could use for voice minutes, texting and megabytes of data. This enables the flexibility for various segments to focus on what's most important to that segment.

The second category of improving the California Lifeline program should be looking at where -- examining the existing process that exists today and seeing where quick fixes could improve the overall efficiency and make the program more efficient.

For example, the Digital Application Process, the DAP process was one that was created creating PDFs as a way of allowing carriers to submit those to the administrator. That creates a lot of challenges, and replacement of allowing a database where applications could be submitted directly to the administrator would create a lot of efficiencies.

At the same time with APIs, real-time information could be provided to agents that are enrolling whether this subscriber is eligible to be enrolled in the program or if they're currently with another subscriber.

Other enhancements would be as, you're verifying, whether to use the similar capabilities that is used today with the national database, where you make a call into a database to verify whether this consumer is eligible to migrate to your service or if they're in the system and then a second one

for enrollment. This gives flexibility to the entities to make sure that they're doing it right, the steps, and it prevents some of challenges that occurred with consumers being enrolled in the program incorrectly.

And, finally, the other enhancements to the existing program is the renewal process, where if the anniversary date to a consumer is reset at the time of the start of the relationship with the new ETC it would solve a lot of the challenges that exist today, where you have many consumers migrating during their recertification period. The ETC is not even aware that that consumer may no longer be eligible for that program and within two days the new ETC receives a notification that the subscriber is no longer eligible for the program.

Resetting the anniversary date will help to clear up those confusions.

Further, in more detail, filings will be filed with our written comments.

Thank you.

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STATEMENT OF MS. JACOBSON

MS. JACOBSON: Hello, my name is Kristen, K-r-i-s-t-i-n, Jacobson,

J-a-c-o-b-s-o-n. And I am providing comments into record on behalf of Boost Mobile. The comments that I'm going to make today are just a little bit of additional detail to the written Pilot Plan Flow proposal that was presented yesterday.

I wanted to preface the comments with the pilot with two notes: One, is the pilot plan proposal, which is a partnership proposal with certain state agencies and the CPUC is designed to be parallel program that works in conjunction with existing ETC Lifeline programs in place.

Secondly, I wanted to note that the Boost Mobile and Assurance Wireless will likely be providing additional comments in written form to the series of additional questions that were discussed in the workshop setting today.

The overarching comments on the pilot program have to do with a primary goal and intention of better infiltration to the Lifeline eligible population in the state of California. This is designed to be an outreach effort to test different theories as to why we believe that the eligible Lifeline population in California, that a great percentage of the eligible Lifeline

population in California, is not currently participating in the ETC California Lifeline program.

This pilot program is designed to target specific groups. Some of whom are either unable to participate in the current Lifeline program or effectively are unable to participate in the current Lifeline program.

And an example of one of those groups who has been present at this workshop and has provided information into the record is iFoster.

Boost Mobile is proposing a tiered phaseout to include different sections of the iFoster population into the program, and moving from a first phase, which be different age groups with iFoster on to include other partners such as Cal Fresh, Medi-Cal and potentially others.

The selection of these groups is really, again, addressed to an identifying current problems or access issues that exist in the current program and testing out theories to improve the access to the program, frustration with existing the ETC programs regarding application and then the recertification process, and other challenges that the current program includes through the

pink envelope process that has to do with frustrations exhibited by populations who are either transient in nature or unable to effectively communicate when there's issues through the application and recertification process.

The pilot program also addresses other obstacles and challenges, customer frustrations, concerns over stigma, and efforts at streamlining and improving global presence.

The proposed program duration as exhibited in the slides is 18 to 24 months. Boost Mobile believes that that's a sufficient period time to be able to process through each of three phases that it identified. I haven't have had time to educate the partners to work through issues that may arise between people participating in the program, the partners and the CPUC.

Another goal is to obtain information during this pilot program that will be measurable for use by the CPUC so that it can go back and look at the existing TC rules and decide whether or not appropriate changes should be made and/or the idea of a parallel program should move forward on an ongoing basis.

1	Boost Mobile also identified during
2	its presentation that it's going to take
3	certain aspects of its offers it's going
4	to make special considerations for foster
5	youth in California through iFoster program,
6	so that the program for foster youth may be a
7	little bit different than the other partners
8	and those specifics are still under
9	development with in coordination with iFoster
10	and CPUC. That's all. Thank you.
11	
12	(This concludes the transcription
13	of the requested portion of the digital audio file.)
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BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

OF THE

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

CERTIFICATION OF TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDING

I, Shannon Ross, Certified Shorthand Reporter No. 8916, in and for the State of California, do hereby certify that the pages of this transcript prepared by me comprise a full, true, and correct transcript of the requested portion of the digital audio file in this matter on August 7, 2018.

I further certify that I have no interest in the events of the matter or the outcome of the proceeding.

EXECUTED this 15th day of August, 2018.

SHANNON ROSS CSR No. 8916

(END OF ATTACHMENT A)